

## Code of Conduct for Employees

### 1. Preamble and Interpretation

#### A. Preamble

The people of Alberta have the right to a public agency which is conducted with impartiality and integrity. They must be confident that the Balancing Pool is trustworthy and focused on the public interest and there not be, nor seem to be, any conflict between the private interests of employees and their duty to the public. For the Balancing Pool's excellent reputation to be maintained, all business interactions on the Balancing Pool's behalf must reflect high standards of ethical behavior. In particular, the specific guidelines of the Balancing Pool's Code of Conduct must be adhered to. The Code of Conduct reflects a commitment to the Balancing Pool's values of accountability, integrity, and respect and provides a framework to guide ethical conduct in a way that upholds the integrity and reputation of the Balancing Pool.

The range and complexity of the Balancing Pool's activities are such that it is not possible to produce an exhaustive list of prohibitions which covers all situations and employees understand that the Code of Conduct does not cover every specific scenario. Therefore, they use the spirit and intent behind the Code of Conduct to guide their conduct, and exercise care and diligence in the course of their work with the Balancing Pool.

The Balancing Pool is committed to providing a safe, fair, and ethical workplace for all employees. It is critical for all employees within the organization to display and promote professional conduct and be held accountable for behavior or decisions which violate the Code of Conduct.

The Balancing Pool periodically checks their business activities to test conformance with the Code of Conduct. This process requires that all of the Balancing Pool's employees annually complete a Certificate of Compliance regarding the Code of Conduct. To demonstrate a commitment to transparency and accountability, this Code of Conduct is available to the public on the Balancing Pool's website.

#### B. Definitions

In this Code of Conduct:

a. **"Associated"** means:

- i. any person with one of the following relationships with an Employee:
  1. the Employee's spouse or adult interdependent partner;

2. a corporation having share capital and carrying on business or activities for profit or gain and the Employee is a director or senior officer of the corporation;
3. a private corporation carrying on business or activities for profit or gain and the Employee owns or is the beneficial owner of shares of the corporation;
4. a partnership of which the Employee is a partner or of which one of the partners is a corporation associated with the Employee by reason of subsection 2. or 3.; or
5. a person or group of persons acting with the express or implied consent of the Employee; or

ii. a transaction or connection such that the transaction or connection:

1. has the potential to affect or give the appearance of affecting the ability of an Employee to act impartially on behalf of the Balancing Pool; or
2. between the Balancing Pool and the person would, or would be seen to, confer a direct or indirect benefit upon an Employee;

b. **"Board"** means the Board of Directors of the Balancing Pool;

c. **"Board Chair"** means the Chair of the Board of the Balancing Pool;

d. **"CEO"** means the President and Chief Executive Officer of the Balancing Pool;

e. **"Code"** means this Code of Conduct;

f. **"Code Administrator"** has the meaning set forth in subsection II.B.;

g. **"Director"** means a member of the Board of the Balancing Pool;

h. **"Employee"** means a person employed by the Balancing Pool or any consultant or contractor acting on behalf of the Balancing Pool;

i. **"Gift"** means a direct or indirect pecuniary or non-pecuniary advantage and includes the avoidance of a detriment, but does not include the prestige associated with the position of Director nor participation in activities or programs of the Balancing Pool in which the public has an opportunity to participate;

j. **"Health and Safety"** includes physical, psychological and social well-being;

k. **"Member"** means any Director or Officer of the Balancing Pool and **"Members"** means all of them;

l. **"Minister"** means the Minister responsible for the *Electric Utilities Act*;

- m. "**Offence**" means an offence created under the *Criminal Code of Canada* and/or the *Controlled Drugs and Substances Act*;
- n. "**Officer**" means a Director who is appointed as an officer of the Balancing Pool and includes, without limitation the Chair and the Vice-Chair;
- o. "**Private Interest**" refers to an individual's self-interest (e.g. to achieve financial profit or avoid loss, or to gain another special advantage or avoid a disadvantage), the interests of the individual's immediate family or business partners, or the interests of another organization in which the individual holds a position (voluntary or paid);
- p. "**Related Person**" means a person or party who is Associated with a Member;
- q. "**Restricted Trading List**" has the meaning set forth in subsection IV.J.;
- r. "**Transaction**" means an arrangement, other than a Gift, under which:
  - i. the Balancing Pool and another person agree to exchange value or services;
  - ii. the Balancing Pool confers a benefit on another person; or
  - iii. the Balancing Pool receives a benefit from another person; and
- s. "**Vice-Chair**" means the Vice-Chair of the Board.

## **2. Application and Administration**

### **A. Application of the Code**

The Code applies to all Employees, except for any individuals that have been expressly exempt by the Code Administrator from one or more provisions of the Code. The Code is in addition to any statute governing Employees. Employees are expected to behave in a way that aligns with the Code. Employees understand that the Code does not cover every specific scenario; therefore, they use the principles and intent behind this Code to guide their conduct and exercise care and diligence in the course of their work with the Balancing Pool.

### **B. Code Administrator**

The Code Administrator for:

- a. The CEO is the Chair; and
- b. Employees, other than the CEO, is the CEO.

### **3. Ethics**

The Balancing Pool follows the highest standard of ethical conduct at all times. Every Employee is expected to behave on and off the job in a manner consistent with this philosophy and in a way that never reflects poorly on the Balancing Pool. Employees shall protect the Balancing Pool's good name, the privacy of their clients, Directors, and colleagues and the value of the Balancing Pool's intellectual and physical property at all times. Employees shall deal with others professionally and honestly. This applies to dealings with any individual or group of individuals or organization within or outside the Balancing Pool.

#### **A. Reporting Obligations - Wrongdoings**

The Balancing Pool is required to comply with the *Public Interest Disclosure (Whistleblower Protection) Act (Alberta)* (PIDA) and has procedures in place that allow employees to report specific wrongdoings such as violations of law, mismanagement of public funds, and danger to human safety, life, or the environment.

Employees who believe, in good faith, that a potential "wrongdoing" has occurred or is going to occur should follow the PIDA procedures (set out below). These procedures ensure that employees are able to report "wrongdoing" without fear of reprisal, and in accordance with the BP's legal obligations. In addition, it provides a resource through which they can gather information and ask questions.

Employees who are considering reporting a "wrongdoing" may request information or advice from their supervisor, the Code Administrator or the Public Interest Commissioner (PIC).

Reporting of "wrongdoing", may be made directly to the Code Administrator or directly to the PIC. If the matter is not suitable to be handled by the Code Administrator (i.e. he/she is involved in the allegation) then the report may be made to the Chair of the Balancing Pool. The PIC continues to have the ability to refer a reported "wrongdoing" to the Executive Director for investigation if appropriate.

The identity of the individual making the report of wrongdoing will not be made known without prior consent, and will otherwise only be used for the purpose of properly investigating the "wrongdoing". In all instances, where reports of wrongdoing are made to the Code Administrator, the Code Administrator will advise the Chair of the Balancing Pool of the receipt of a report, including a reasonable amount of detail.

Employees reporting a "wrongdoing" will be provided with a timeline during which their report will be dealt with. All report of alleged "wrongdoing" are taken seriously and must be reviewed under PIDA. Using the information provided by the Employee making the

report, initial inquiries and analysis will be undertaken to determine whether an investigation is required, and whether the investigation ought to be handled in accordance with PIDA.

Reprisal or retaliation of any kind against an Employee for reporting a potential "wrongdoing" in good faith or assisting in an investigation of a complaint is itself a violation of PIDA and is prohibited.

Reprisal or retaliation includes threatening or actual termination, harassment, suspension, demotion, withholding compensation, negative impacts to employment terms and conditions, discriminatory behaviour, or any other kind of behaviour that a reasonable person would view as a retaliatory action.

Acts of retaliation will be investigated and dealt with appropriately through disciplinary action up to and including termination. Employees who believe they are subject to reprisal may submit a "Complaint of Reprisal" form directly to the PIC. The "Complaint of Reprisal" form is available on the PIC's website.

The effectiveness of this policy is dependent on good faith. Any person found to have done any of the following will be subject to disciplinary action, up to and including termination of employment, and may be subject to penalties in accordance with applicable law:

- Knowingly providing false or misleading information regarding "wrongdoing" or an investigation;
- Bringing forward a complaint which is found to be vexatious or in bad faith or on fabricated grounds with the intention of embarrassing or causing harm to the person alleged to have engaged in misconduct or to the BP;
- Making an untrue malicious complaint of an alleged "wrongdoing".

#### Advice or counselling

Employees may also seek advice or counselling from the Work-Life Employee Assistance Program, which is a third-party confidential program. See the Balancing Pool Benefits Package for more details and contact information.

## **4. General Duties**

### **A. Respect in the Workplace**

The Balancing Pool recognizes a shared responsibility on behalf of all Directors, Officers, and Employees to exercise the basic principles of respect and dignity in all working relationships. The Balancing Pool enforces a policy of zero tolerance for demeaning,

offensive, harassing, or discriminatory behavior. The Balancing Pool complies with the applicable human rights legislation in the places where it carries on business. All Employees are responsible for ensuring a safe, respectful, and secure working environment for all.

The workplace is not confined to the office building of the Balancing Pool. It also includes any other location where the business of the Balancing Pool is being conducted or where the Balancing Pool is being represented. Workplace harassment which occurs outside the workplace (including the internet and email) will also be in violation of the Code.

## **B. Health and Safety**

The Balancing Pool is committed to providing a safe workplace and to protecting the public interest with standards and programs that meet or exceed industry standards and applicable government codes, standards, and regulations in Alberta. Management is committed to preventing injuries and maintaining a healthy work environment.

All supervisors are responsible for ensuring that their employees are trained in approved work procedures and to ensure that employees follow safe work practices. All workers are required to support the health and safety program, not only looking out for their own safety but for other workers as well. Safe work methods and relevant regulations must be followed. All employees are responsible for working safely and for following the Balancing Pool's policies.

## **C. Privacy**

The Balancing Pool holds personal information about Employees and other individuals and in doing so, recognizes the need to balance the rights of individuals to have their personal information kept confidential and the need of an organization to collect, use, and disclose information for purposes authorized under the applicable privacy legislation. Employees must handle confidential information with the utmost care and integrity and shall not disclose, release, or transmit confidential information except as specifically authorized. The responsibility for maintaining the confidentiality of information includes the responsibility of ensuring that the information is not directly or indirectly made available to unauthorized persons and that the information is not used for personal gain. Employees must comply with protocols that guide the collection, storage, use, transmission and disclosure of confidential information and must adhere to the requirements of the Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act.

**D. Compliance with Laws**

- a. Employees must comply with all applicable laws, rules, and regulations of the areas in which the Balancing Pool operates and must comply with the requirements of regulatory authorities.
- b. Employees who are in doubt as to the legality of a proposed course of action or an action already taken should discuss the activity with their Code Administrator.
- c. Employees should not conduct business with contractors who subscribe to unlawful or unethical business practices.
- d. Business partners and suppliers of the Balancing Pool are expected to conduct their business with the Balancing Pool in accordance with applicable laws, rules, and regulations.
- e. Violations or potential violations of laws, rules, and regulations must be reported to the Code Administrator. The Balancing Pool will not allow any retaliation against any party for making such a report in good faith.

**E. Standards of Conduct**

- a. Employees in exercising their powers and discharging their duties shall:
  - i. act honestly, impartially, in good faith, and with a view to the best interests of the Balancing Pool above their own Private Interests;
  - ii. demonstrate respect, integrity, and accountability;
  - iii. exercise powers properly for the purposes for which they were conferred;
  - iv. exercise care and diligence; and
  - v. facilitate the Balancing Pool's proper maintenance of all records and reports as required.
- b. Employees understand that when they become aware that they are in a real or apparent conflict of interest, they must at the first opportunity disclose this conflict to the Code Administrator.
- c. Employees understand that disclosure itself does not remove a conflict of interest.
- d. Employees encourage their colleagues to act fairly and ethically and know that they are able to raise concerns about a suspected breach by another to the Code Administrator without fear of reprisal.
- e. Employees know that breaches of this Code may result in disciplinary action, up to and including termination of the Employee.

- f. Employees must avoid dealing with Related Persons if the relationship between them might bring into question the impartiality of the Employee.

**F. Gifts**

- a. Employees must not accept or receive Gifts that are connected directly or indirectly with the performance of their duties with the Balancing Pool, from any individual, organization, or corporation.
- b. Subsection F. does not apply to Gifts that are accepted by Employees as an incident of protocol or the normal presentation of Gifts to people participating in public functions.
- c. The total value of Gifts given from the same source in any calendar year cannot exceed \$500.00 per Employee and must not include cash, cheques, gift cards or equivalents.
- d. If there is any doubt in specific cases, written approval from the Code Administrator should be requested.

**G. Questionable or Improper Payments**

No Employee may, in the context of their engagement as an Employee, receive any payment that is not for the direct and exclusive benefit of the Balancing Pool.

**H. Compliance**

- a. All Transactions that an Employee participates in must be properly authorized, recorded, and supported by accurate documentation in reasonable detail.
- b. No information may be concealed from the Balancing Pool's external auditors, the CEO, or the Directors. Fraudulently influencing, coercing, manipulating, or misleading an external auditor who is auditing the Balancing Pool is prohibited.

**I. Disclosure of Criminal Charges**

- a. If an Employee is charged with an Offence arising from their conduct while on duty and/or off duty, the Employee shall immediately report such charge to the Code Administrator.
- b. The Code Administrator may issue supplementary instructions which modify but do not detract from matters dealt with in this Code, provided that the supplemental instructions are not more permissive than this Code.
- c. Any subsequent use and disclosure of information provided to the Balancing Pool pursuant to this Code will be subject to the privacy provisions of Part 2 of the Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act.

**J. Insider Trading**

- a. It is illegal under Canadian securities and criminal laws for any person to buy or sell securities of a publicly traded company if they are aware of any material information concerning the company that has not been generally disclosed. This is commonly referred to as insider trading.
- b. It is also illegal under Canadian securities and criminal laws for any person who is aware of any material information concerning a public company that has not been generally disclosed to inform any other person of the information (unless it is necessary to do so in the course of the business) or recommend that any other person buy or sell any securities of the company. This is commonly referred to as tipping.
- c. Information is material if it could be expected to have a significant effect on the market price or value of any of the securities of the company in question. Both positive and negative information may be material. Information will only be considered to have been generally disclosed if a press release containing all of the information has been issued by the company and the shares of the company have traded on the applicable stock exchange for one full business day after the press release was issued.
- d. From time to time the Balancing Pool will be involved in commercial matters with companies that have the potential to represent material undisclosed information for those companies.
- e. The CEO will maintain an up-to-date list of companies where the Balancing Pool has knowledge of material undisclosed information on the Restricted Trading List. Buying or selling of securities in any company on the Restricted Trading List or making a recommendation to any other person to buy or sell such securities, is expressly forbidden by Employees. The current Restricted Trading List is attached as Appendix A to the Code.
- f. In the event that a new company is added to the Restricted Trading List, and an Employee currently holds and/or controls \$10,000.00 or more in securities in that company, that party shall promptly disclose these holdings to their Code Administrator. Trading of securities on the Restricted Trading List is prohibited without prior authorization by the Code Administrator.
- g. Insider trading and tipping are serious offences and Employees must always comply with the laws against these activities. Regardless of whether or not the securities of a company are on the Restricted Trading List, an Employee that is in possession

of material undisclosed information concerning any company is expressly prohibited from buying or selling securities of that company, advising others to buy or sell securities of that company, or advising to others of the undisclosed material information (unless it is necessary to do so in the course of business).

**K. Outside Activities**

- a. There must not be a conflict between the Private Interests of Employees and their responsibility to the Balancing Pool. A conflict of interest is any situation in which an Employee, either for themselves or some other person or organization, attempts to promote a Private Interest which results, or appears to result, in an:
  - i. interference with the objective exercise of the Employee's responsibilities; or
  - ii. opportunity or advantage by virtue of the Employee's position with the Balancing Pool.
- b. Employees are expected in all regards to conduct their duties with impartiality.
- c. Self-declaration of conflicts of interest helps ensure transparency. Measures to mitigate or eliminate a conflict of interest will depend on what is appropriate and reasonable in the situation.

**L. Concurrent Employment or Appointment to Other Offices**

- a. Employees may take supplementary employment, including self-employment, or accept an appointment to a position outside the Balancing Pool while employed by the Balancing Pool, unless such pursuits:
  - i. cause an actual or perceived conflict of interest;
  - ii. are performed in such a way as to appear to be an official act or to represent an Balancing Pool opinion or policy; or
  - iii. interfere with carrying out of their duties with the Balancing Pool.
- b. Prior to accepting any supplementary employment or appointment where it appears or where they believe that a conflict of interest might arise, Employees must notify the Code Administrator in writing about the nature of such supplementary employment or appointment. If the supplementary employment or appointment is approved by the Code Administrator, the Employee will be notified of such approval in writing.
- c. Employees cannot accept additional compensation for duties performed in the course of their responsibilities for the Balancing Pool.

- d. Employees must not allow the performance of their official duties to be influenced by offers of future employment or the anticipation of offers of employment nor may they use their position or the Balancing Pool's premises, equipment, or supplies to solicit services as a private consultant.

**M. Protecting Assets**

- a. Employees have a responsibility to protect the Balancing Pool's assets from fraud and theft and ensure records are accurate, timely, and complete. Transactions with third parties are to be recorded in writing. Information is a key asset of the Balancing Pool, so Employees are required to safeguard proprietary and confidential information as well as proprietary information that has been entrusted to the Balancing Pool by others.
- b. Employees may have limited use of the Balancing Pool's premises, equipment, and supplies for authorized incidental purposes providing such use involves minimal additional expense to the Balancing Pool, is not be performed on the Employee's work time, does not interfere with the mandate of the Balancing Pool, and does not support a personal or private business.

**N. Communication Devices**

Balancing Pool communication resources (phone systems, faxes, computer and computer devices) are to be used for business purposes with incidental personal use permitted provided such use does not negatively impact productivity, compromise system capacity, or contravene applicable law or any Balancing Pool policy. Such resources are not to be used for improper or illegal activities such as the communication of defamatory, obscene, or demeaning material, hate literature, inappropriate blogging, texting, or obtaining illegal software or files. All of the communication resources owned by Balancing Pool are monitored and audited for proper usage.

**O. Administrative Processes**

Administrative processes help Employees manage ethical dilemmas, including any real or apparent conflict of interest concerns.

a. Administration

The Code Administrator receives and ensures the confidentiality of all disclosures and ensures that any real or apparent conflict of interest is avoided or effectively managed. As well, the Code Administrator is responsible for providing advice and managing concerns and complaints concerning potential breaches of the Code, including conflicts of interest within the Balancing Pool. Regardless of the process of for responding to and

managing conflict of interest concerns, the Code Administrator is responsible for ensuring procedural fairness.

b. Disclosure

- i. It is the responsibility of each Employee to declare in writing to the Code Administrator those Private Interests and relationships that they think could be seen to impact the decisions or actions they take on behalf of the Balancing Pool. When there is a change in their responsibilities within the Balancing Pool or in their personal circumstance, Employees shall disclose in writing any relevant new or additional information about those interests as soon as possible. Where a real or apparent conflict of interest cannot be avoided, Employees must take the appropriate steps to manage the conflict.
- ii. Employees disclose these real or apparent conflicts of interest so that the Code Administrator is aware of situations that could be seen as influencing the decisions or actions they are making on behalf of the Balancing Pool. This provides Employees, following a review by the Code Administrator, an opportunity to take action to minimize or remove the conflict. To actively manage a conflict of interest, options include:
  1. removing themselves from matters in which the conflict exists or is perceived to exist;
  2. giving up the particular Private Interest causing the conflict; and
  3. in rare circumstances, resigning from their position with the Balancing Pool.
- iii. Any understanding or agreement reached as a result of discussions with the Code Administrator following their review will be put in writing in an acknowledgement letter to the disclosing Employee, together with a copy of the original written disclosure report.

c. Reporting a Potential Breach by Another

Employees are encouraged to report in writing a potential breach of the Code by another to the Code Administrator. When reporting a potential breach in good faith and with reasonable grounds, Employees are protected from retaliation for such reporting.

d. Responding to Potential Breach

Once a potential breach has been reported, the Balancing Pool's procedures for responding to and managing a potential breach will be promptly initiated. The Code Administrator will review the circumstance and details of the potential breach and will

notify the Employee who is allegedly in breach. The alleged Employee has the right to complete information and the right to respond fully to the potential breach. The identity of the reporter will not be disclosed unless required by law or in a legal proceeding. The Code Administrator makes a decision and completes a report in a timely manner. The decision may range from finding no potential breach to one that reveals suspected criminal conduct.

**e. Consequences of a Breach**

Employees who do not comply with the standards of behaviour identified in the Code, including taking part in a decision or action that furthers their Private Interests, may be subject to disciplinary action up to and including termination of the Employee.

**f. Review of a Decision**

An Employee can request in writing that the Chair review the decision made by the Code Administrator (the CEO) that they have breached the Code.

The CEO can request in writing that the Minister review the decision made by the Code Administrator (the Chair) that they have breached the Code.

**P. Observance of the Code Guidelines**

- a. Employees are personally accountable for learning, endorsing, and promoting the Code and applying it to their own conduct and field of work. Employees will be asked to review the Code and confirm on a regular basis, through written or electronic declaration, that they understand their individual responsibilities and will conform to the requirements of the Code.
- b. Contractors and consultants are expected to develop and enforce policies and/or practices that are consistent with the Code that will apply to their staff providing services for or on behalf of the Balancing Pool.
- c. Employees with questions about the Code or specific situations are encouraged to refer the matter to their supervisor or the Code Administrator, as applicable.

**Q. Waivers and Amendments**

Waivers of the Code for Employees may be granted only by the Code Administrator.

**5. The CEO**

Without limiting any other section of this Code, the CEO is subject to the following provisions:

**A. Decisions Furthering Private Interest**

- a. The CEO must not take part in a decision in the course of carrying out their office or powers knowing that the decision might further a Private Interest of themselves, a person Associated with them, or their minor or adult child.
- b. The CEO must not use their office or powers to influence or to seek to influence a decision to be made by or on behalf of the Crown in right of Alberta, the Balancing Pool, or another public agency to further a Private Interest of the CEO, a person Associated with the CEO, or the CEO's minor child or to improperly further any other person's Private Interest.
- c. The CEO must not use or communicate information not available to the general public that was gained by the CEO in the course of carrying out their office or powers to further or seek to further a Private Interest of the CEO or any other person's Private Interest.
- d. The CEO must appropriately or adequately disclose all real or apparent conflicts of interest.

**B. Concurrent Employment or Appointment to Other Offices**

The CEO must not be involved in any appointment, business, undertaking, or employment, including self-employment, other than the appointment, business, undertaking or employment that is subject to the Conflicts of Interest Act, unless they received written approval from the Ethics Commissioner to do so and comply with any conditions that the Ethics Commissioner has included in the approval.

**C. Restrictions on Holdings**

- a. After the expiration of the relevant period referred to in subsection c. below, the CEO must not own or have a beneficial interest in Publicly Traded Securities.
- b. In accordance with the Conflicts of Interest Act, subsection a. does not apply if:
  - i. the Publicly Traded Securities are held in a blind trust approved by the Ethics Commissioner;
  - ii. the Publicly Traded Securities are held in an investment arrangement approved by the Ethics Commissioner;
  - iii. prior to the expiration of the relevant period referred to in subsection c., the CEO applies to the Ethics Commissioner for approval to retain ownership of or a beneficial interest in the Publicly Traded Securities and either obtains the Ethics Commissioner's approval or, if the approval is refused, takes any steps

that the Ethics Commissioner directs with respect to the disposition of the ownership or beneficial interest; or

iv. after the expiration of the relevant period referred to in subsection c., the CEO acquires ownership of or a beneficial interest in Publicly Traded Securities with the prior approval of the Ethics Commissioner.

c. For the purposes of subsections a. and b.:

i. the relevant period is:

1. in the case of a person who becomes the CEO after April 4, 2018, 60 days after the CEO or any longer period that the Ethics Commissioner directs; or
2. April 4, 2020 or any longer period that the Ethics Commissioner directs, in the case of a person who is the CEO on April 4, 2018; or

ii. with respect to a CEO who acquires ownership of or a beneficial interest in Publicly Traded Securities by gift or inheritance, the relevant period is 60 days after receiving the gift or inheritance or any longer period that the Ethics Commissioner directs.

**D. Disclosure Statements**

a. The CEO shall file with the Ethics Commissioner a disclosure statement in the form and manner determined by the Ethics Commissioner:

i. in the case of a person who:

1. becomes the CEO after April 4, 2018, within 60 days after becoming the CEO; or
2. is the CEO on April 4, 2018, on April 4, 2020; and

ii. in each subsequent year at the time specified by the Ethics Commissioner.

b. The CEO shall, within 30 days after the occurrence of any material changes to the information contained in a current disclosure statement, file with the Ethics Commissioner an amending disclosure statement in the form provided by the Ethics Commissioner setting out the changes.

c. The disclosure statement:

- i. shall include a statement, as of a date determined by the Ethics Commissioner, of the assets, liabilities, and financial interests of the CEO, of any private corporation controlled by the CEO and of any private corporation controlled by a combination of the CEO and the CEO's spouse or adult interdependent partner or minor children, but not including investments in a blind trust or investment arrangement;
- ii. shall include a statement, as of a date determined by the Ethics Commissioner, of the assets, liabilities, and financial interests of the CEO's spouse or adult interdependent partner and minor children and of any private corporation controlled by the CEO's spouse or adult interdependent partner, minor children or any combination of them, so far as known to the CEO after the CEO has requested information from the CEO's spouse or adult interdependent partner;
- iii. shall, as of a date determined by the Ethics Commissioner, identify any legal proceedings of which the CEO is aware being brought against the CEO;
- iv. shall, as of a date determined by the Ethics Commissioner, identify whether the CEO is in arrears of maintenance payable, including legal costs, interest and penalties, in respect of a maintenance order or agreement;
- v. need not include obligations being incurred for ordinary living expenses that will be discharged in the ordinary course of the CEO's affairs; and
- vi. shall include a statement:
  1. of the income that the CEO and persons referred to in subsection i.; and
  2. of the income that, so far as known to the CEO after the CEO has requested information from the CEO's spouse or adult interdependent partner, any other person mentioned in subsection ii.,

have received in the preceding 12 months or expect to receive in the next 12 months and, to the extent required by the Ethics Commissioner, of the sources of the income.

**E. Returns Relating to Associated Persons**

- a. The CEO shall file with the Ethics Commissioner a return relating to persons Associated with the CEO, in a form and manner determined by the Ethics Commissioner:
  - i. in the case of a person who:
    1. becomes the CEO after April 4, 2018, within 60 days after becoming the CEO; or
    2. is the CEO on April 4, 2018, on April 4, 2020;
  - ii. within 30 days after the occurrence of any material change in the information contained in a current return; and
  - iii. within 30 days after the day they cease to be the CEO.
- b. The initial return to be filed 60 days after becoming the CEO must show:
  - i. the name and address of each person with whom the CEO was Associated on the day of becoming the CEO and with whom the CEO became Associated after that date and before the date of the return; and
  - ii. if the CEO's direct association with any person referred to in subsection i. terminated before the date of the return, the date of the termination.
- c. Every CEO shall furnish to the Ethics Commissioner:
  - i. a return showing:
    1. the name and address of each person with whom the CEO became Associated on or after the date of the CEO's initial return under subsection b. or c.; and
    2. the date on which the direct association began, within 30 days after the direct association began; and
  - ii. a return showing the date on which the CEO's direct association with any person terminated, within 30 days after that date.

**F. Post-Employment Restrictions**

- a. No former CEO shall, for a period of 12 months from the last day they ceased to act as the CEO, lobby as defined in the Lobbyists Act any public office holder as defined in the Lobbyists Act.

- b. No former CEO shall, for a period of 12 months from the last day they ceased to act as the CEO, act on a commercial basis or make representations on their own behalf or on behalf of any other person in connection with any ongoing matter in connection with which the former CEO, while the CEO, directly acted for or advised a department or public agency involved in the matter.
- c. No former CEO shall, for a period of 12 months from the last day the former CEO had a direct and significant official dealing with a department or public agency, make representations with respect to a contract with or benefit from that department or public agency.
- d. No former CEO shall, for a period of 12 months from the last day the former CEO had a direct and significant official dealing with a department or public agency, solicit or accept on their own behalf a contract or benefit from that department or public agency.
- e. No former CEO shall, for a period of 12 months from the last day the former CEO had a direct and significant official dealing with an individual, organization, board of directors or equivalent body of an organization, accept employment with that individual or organization or an appointment to the board of directors or equivalent body.
- f. Nothing in this section restricts the CEO or former CEO from being appointed to the board of directors or a governing body of another public agency.
- g. Nothing in this section restricts the CEO or former CEO from accepting employment with a department of the public service or a public agency in accordance with Part 1 of the Public Service Act.

#### **G. Waiver or Reduction**

The CEO or former CEO may apply to the Ethics Commissioner for a waiver or reduction of a time period set out in subsection F., and the Ethics Commissioner may waive or reduce any time period set out in subsection F. if, in the opinion of the Ethics Commissioner:

- a. the conditions on which and the manner in which the employment, appointment, contract or benefit is awarded, approved, or given are the same for all persons similarly entitled;
- b. the award, approval, grant, or benefit results from an impartially administered process open to a significant class of persons; or

- c. the activity, contract, or benefit will not create a conflict between a private interest of the former CEO and the public interest.

## **6. Miscellaneous**

### **A. Notice**

Unless otherwise provided herein, this Code comes into effect October 1, 2025.

### **B. Regulations**

This Code may be modified to conform to any requirement and include any matter specified in the regulations to the Conflicts of Interest Act.

### **C. Acknowledgement**

I hereby acknowledge that I have read and understand the Balancing Pool's Code of Conduct for Employees and I agree to abide by its terms and requirements.

Signed: \_\_\_\_\_

Name: \_\_\_\_\_  
(Please print)

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

## **Appendix A**

### **Restricted Trading List as of October 1, 2025**

- Capital Power Corporation